Minkowski rings of polytopes and power closed ideals

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Abstract

The Minkowski ring of a collection \mathcal{P} of convex polytopes in a Euclidean space is the ring generated by the indicator functions $\{[P] : P \in \mathcal{P}\}$ where the addition is given naturally as the sum of the functions and where the multiplication is determined by $[P] \cdot [Q] = [P + Q]$; the indicator function of the Minkowski sum of the polytopes P and Q. If \mathcal{P} contains d polytopes, then such rings, when viewed as algebras over the complex number field, can then be presented as $\mathbb{C}[x_1, \ldots, x_d]/I$ where I is the ideal describing all the relations implied by the polytopes in \mathcal{P} . Among many nice properties that such ideals I have is that they are power closed in the sense that if $f(x_1, \ldots, x_d) \in I$ then $f(x_1^i, \ldots, x_d^i) \in I$ for every natural number i. In this talk we discuss power closedness of ideals and related closure operators and their properties. – This is joint work with Jim Lawrence.

Keywords: Polytopes, Minkowski sum, Minkowski ring, power closed ideals.