

Course Syllabus, Spring 2021, 3 Credits Instructor: Dr. Edward Oughton Location: Remote, 100% asynchronous Email: eoughton@gmu.edu Web location: Blackboard TA: Amy Rose-Tejwani (arose20@gmu.edu)

Pre-requisites: 30 credits, including GGS 102 and 103 or permission from the instructor.

Textbook: Readings will be based on McGrew et al. (2014):

McGrew, Lembo, and Monroe. 2014. *An Introduction to Statistical Problem Solving in Geography* (Third Edition). Waveland Press, Inc., Illinois. ISBN: 1478611197

Make sure to get the Third Edition! Available at the GMU Bookstore or at www.waveland.com

OVERVIEW & OBJECTIVES

GGS 300 introduces students to the use of statistical techniques and quantitative methods within the spatial sciences. The aim will be to enable you to think and engage critically with statistical data, given we encounter this type of information daily (e.g. in the media, workplace, on a smartphone etc.). The course focuses on the basic components of quantitative spatial research, such as (i) developing research questions, (ii) evaluating research questions via formal hypothesis testing, and (iii) interpreting the results of statistical tests (including the redevelopment of research questions).

Students will learn how to:

- 1. Conduct rigorous statistical analysis of data and information commonly encountered in spatial science using industry-standard statistical software.
- 2. Interpret statistical analysis techniques in geographic research and the broader scientific literature.
- 3. Think critically about the use and misuse of statistics!

GGS COMPUTER LAB, ASSIGNMENTS, & EXPECTATIONS

GGS 300 Students have remote access to the GGS Virtual Computing Lab with the software required for this course (R Studio), although as the software is open source it is encouraged you download a version on your own machine (for ease). Lab assignments will be based on the lecture material and will be administered via Blackboard. Lab assignments will generally be set on Thursdays and will be due the following week prior to the start of the lecture (except where noted in the Course Schedule). Late



labs will be penalized 20% for each day late. Late submissions will only go unpenalized for the usual documented medical reasons or by previous agreement with the instructor.

Grading will be as follows:

GRADING				
Assessment	Points	% (of final grade)		
Lab Assignments (11)	200	25%		
Midterm Exam1	100	25%		
Midterm Exam2	100	25%		
Final Exam	100	25%		

Grades will be based on the following cutoff values, although I reserve the right to alter the values at the end of the course:

A (93%), A- (90%), B+ (87%), B (83%), B- (80%), C+ (77%), C (73%), C- (70%), D (60%)

The midterm exams will cover the first two parts of the course. The final exam will be semicomprehensive, focusing on the final part of the course, but also covering key topics from throughout the entire semester. There will be ungraded quizzes during the semester. The quizzes will be used to evaluate how well the course information is being presented and retained; they also provide an opportunity to preview potential exam questions. Students will be expected to submit assignments online through Blackboard. Only Word document (.docx or .doc) or Adobe PDF (.pdf) file formats will be accepted.

OPTIONAL TEXTS

There are many open and free resources for learning statistics in R. An Introduction is available for free as a pdf from <u>www.r-project.org</u> in the Manuals section, although this focuses more on just the statistical computing language. You should also examine the *Resources* section on the R Studio website, as this will be the piece of software we use to run the R language in this module (<u>www.rstudio.com</u>). There are also several introductory statistics websites that are very good and may help you considerably in your understanding by providing a different perspective. Two that are recommended are <u>Statistics at Square 1</u> and <u>Simple R: Using R for Introductory Statistics</u>.

Further readings, if any, will be announced in class or by e-mail.



COURSE RESOURCES

Content for GGS300 will be available on Blackboard, otherwise known as myMason. You will need to have access to a computer with a stable Internet connection capable of streaming video. It is also useful to have a web camera with a microphone for any additional Zoom sessions.

OFFICE HOURS AND INSTRUCTOR INTERACTION

There are currently no set office hours, so instructor interaction is by appointment. When emailing, a timely response is expected Monday-Thursday. Please ensure your email questions are succinct. Phrasing questions to enable the instructor to make a swift response is likely to increase the efficiency of an answer. Regular Q&A sessions will be held via Zoom to help with any queries participants may have.

ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

GMU has an Honor Code with clear guidelines regarding academic integrity. Three fundamental and rather simple principles to follow at all times are that: (1) all work submitted be your own; (2) when using the work or ideas of others, including fellow students, give full credit through accurate citations; and (3) if you are uncertain about the ground rules on a particular assignment, ask for clarification. No grade is important enough to justify academic misconduct. Another aspect of academic integrity is the free play of ideas. Vigorous discussion and debate are encouraged, with the expectation that all aspects of the class will be conducted with civility and tolerance for differing ideas, perspectives, and traditions.

GMU EMAIL ACCOUNTS

Students must use their MasonLive email account to receive important University information, including messages related to this class. See <u>http://masonlive.gmu.edu</u> for more information.

DIVERSITY

GMU promotes a living and learning environment for outstanding growth and productivity among its students, faculty, and staff. Through its curriculum, programs, policies, procedures, services, and resources, Mason strives to maintain a quality environment for work, study and personal growth.

An emphasis upon diversity and inclusion throughout the campus community is essential to achieve these goals. Diversity is broadly defined to include such characteristics as, but not limited to, race, ethnicity, gender, religion, age, disability, and sexual orientation. Diversity also entails different viewpoints, philosophies, and perspectives. Attention to these aspects of diversity will help promote a culture of inclusion and belonging, and an environment where diverse opinions, backgrounds, and practices can be voiced, heard and respected.

GGS 300: Quantitative Methods for Geographical Analysis



The reflection of Mason's commitment to diversity and inclusion goes beyond policies and procedures to focus on behavior at the individual, group and organizational level. The implementation of this commitment to diversity and inclusion is found in all settings, including individual work units and groups, student organizations and groups, and classroom settings; it is also found with the delivery of services and activities, including, but not limited to, curriculum, teaching, events, advising, research, service, and community outreach.

Acknowledging that the attainment of diversity and inclusion are dynamic and continuous processes, Mason seeks to continuously improve its environment. To this end, the University promotes continuous monitoring and self-assessment regarding diversity. The aim is to incorporate diversity and inclusion within the philosophies and actions of the individual, group and organization, and to make improvements as needed.

In this regard, should you have any comments or feedback that you wish to raise about GSS300, please do let the instructor know as your feedback is incredibly valuable.

OFFICE OF DISABILITY SERVICES

If you are a student with a disability and you need academic accommodations, please contact the instructor and the Office of Disability Services (ODS) at 993-2474, http://ods.gmu.edu. All academic accommodations must be arranged through the ODS.

STUDENTS AS SCHOLARS

Students as Scholars is GMU's award-winning initiative to give students the opportunity to conduct undergraduate research. If you are interested in conducting research or simply learning more about the program, check out oscar.gmu.edu or stop by the Office of Student Scholarship, Creative Activities, and Research to learn about the many programs available to GMU students.

GMU RESOURCES

The Writing Center: https://writingcenter.gmu.edu

University Libraries, Ask a Librarian: https://library.gmu.edu/ask

Counseling and Psychological Services: <u>https://caps.gmu.edu</u>

University Catalog: https://catalog.gmu.edu

University Policies: https://universitypolicy.gmu.edu



Week	Lecture/Lab Topic	Coursework
vv eek		
XV = 1 = 1 =	Unit 1: Data, descriptive statistics, and	
Week 1:	Introduction to quantitative methods Course overview	Read McGrew Chapter 1
Jan 25 th		
	Statistics Creational data display	
	Graphical data display	
Week 2:	Lab: Installing R Data basics and geographic data	Read McGrew Chapter 2
Feb 1 st	Statistics in geoinformation science	Homework 1
1001	Dimensions of data	Homework 1
	Levels of measurement	
	Characteristics of a data set	
	Lab 1: Basic R and plotting	
Week 3:	Descriptive statistics	Read McGrew Chapter 3
Feb 8 th	Concepts of descriptive statistics	Homework 2
1000	Measures of central tendency	Homework 2
	Measures of dispersion	
	Measures of shape	
	Lab 2: Descriptive statistics	
Week 4:	Descriptive spatial statistics	Read McGrew Chapter 4
Feb 15 th	Concepts of descriptive spatial statistics	Homework 3
100 10	Spatial measures of central tendency	
	Spatial measures of dispersion	
	Lab 3: Descriptive spatial statistics	
Week 5:	Probability	Read McGrew Chapter 5,
Feb 22 nd	Basic probability	6
	Binomial distribution	Homework 4
	Poisson distribution	
	Normal distribution	
	Probability mapping	
	Lab 4: Probability	
	Unit 2: Sampling and inferential tests o	f difference
Week 6:	Data sampling	Read McGrew Chapter 7
Mar 1 st	Sampling	Midterm 1
	Sampling design	
Week 7:	Estimation in sampling	Read McGrew Chapter 8
Mar 8 th	Concepts in estimation	Homework 5
	Central limit theorem	
	Confidence intervals	
	Sample size estimation	
	Lab 5: Sampling	
Wrat 0	Information and have the site to the	Dood McCrew Charter 0
Week 8:	Inferential statistics and hypothesis testing	Read McGrew Chapter 9
Mar 15 th	Hypothesis testing	Homework 6
	One sample tests	
	Issues in inferential testing	
Week 9:	Lab 6: One sample tests	Pood McGrow Chanter 10
Mar 22^{nd}	Inferential statistics: Two sample tests Concepts of two sample tests	Read McGrew Chapter 10 Homework 7
	Two independent sample tests	HUINGWUIK /
	Matched pair tests	
	muchou puir tobio	



	Lab 7: Two sample tests	
Week	Analysis of variance: Multiple sample tests	Read McGrew Chapter 11
10:	Concepts of three or more samples	Homework 8
Mar 29 th	Analysis of variance	
	Kruskal-Wallis	
	Lab 8: Multiple sample tests	
	Unit 3: Inferential tests of relations	hips
Week	Categorical difference tests	Read Chapter 12
11:	Goodness-of-fit	Midterm 2
April 5 th	Contingency analysis	
Week	Inferential spatial statistics	Read McGrew Chapters
12:	Concepts of inferential spatial statistics	13, 14, 15
April	Point pattern analysis	Homework 9
12 th	Area pattern analysis	
	Lab 9: Inferential spatial statistics	
Week	Correlation	Read McGrew Chapter 16
13:	The nature of correlation	Homework 10
April	Correlation tests	
19 th	Lab 10: Correlation and categorical difference	
Week	Regression	Read McGrew Chapter
14:	Simple linear regression	17, 18
April	Bivariate regression analysis	Homework 11
26 th	Residual analysis	
	Multivariate regression	
	Geographically weighted regression	
	Lab 11: Regression	
Finals	Final exam	Final exam:
Week		To be confirmed

Note: The GGS 300 course schedule is tentative and is subject to revision by the instructor